# **State of Florida ENERGY SECTOR RISK PROFILE**





#### Florida State Facts

**POPULATION** 

HOUSING UNITS 21.30 M 9.55 M

**BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS** 0.55 M

**ENERGY EMPLOYMENT: 124,954 jobs PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION:** Florida Public Service

**STATE ENERGY OFFICE:** Florida Office of Energy **EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY:** Florida Division of

**Emergency Management** AVERAGE ELECTRICITY TARIFF: 10.31 cents/kWh

**ENERGY EXPENDITURES:** \$2,721/capita **ENERGY CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA: 201 MMBtu** 

(47th highest out of 50 states and Washington, D.C.) **GDP:** \$1,039.2 billion

Data from 2020 or most recent year available. For more information, see the Data Sources document.

#### **ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION**

**ELECTRIC POWER: 238,990 GWh** 

**COAL: 13,900 MSTN** NATURAL GAS: 1,528 Bcf MOTOR GASOLINE: 171,500 Mbbl **DISTILLATE FUEL: 54,400 Mbbl** 

#### **ANNUAL ENERGY PRODUCTION**

**ELECTRIC POWER GENERATION:** 210 plants, 245.6 TWh,

58.1 GW total capacity

Coal: 10 plants, 21.2 TWh, 8.6 GW total capacity Hydro: 1 plant, 0.2 TWh, 0.0 GW total capacity

Natural Gas: 68 plants, 182.0 TWh, 46.4 GW total capacity Nuclear: 2 plants, 29.1 TWh, 3.8 GW total capacity Petroleum: 18 plants, 1.5 TWh, 3.9 GW total capacity Wind & Solar: 65 plants, 3.9 TWh, 2.1 GW total capacity

Other sources: 46 plants, 7.6 TWh, 1.7 GW total capacity **COAL:** 0 MSTN **NATURAL GAS: 0 Bcf** CRUDE OIL: 1,800 Mbbl

ETHANOL: 0 Mbbl Data from EIA (2018, 2019). This State Energy Risk Profile examines the relative magnitude of the risks that the state of Florida's energy infrastructure routinely encounters in comparison with the probable impacts. Natural and man-made hazards with the potential to cause disruption of the energy infrastructure are identified. Certain natural and adversarial threats, such as cybersecurity, electromagnetic pulse, geomagnetic disturbance, pandemics, or impacts caused by infrastructure interdependencies, are ill-suited to location-based probabilistic risk assessment as they may not adhere to geographic boundaries, have limited occurrence, or have limited historic data. Cybersecurity and other threats not included in these profiles are ever present and should be included in state energy security planning. A complete list of data sources and national level comparisons can be found in the Data Sources document.

#### Florida Risks and Hazards Overview

- The natural hazard that caused the greatest overall property loss between 2009 and 2019 was **Hurricanes** at \$873 million per year (5th leading cause nationwide at \$1.9 billion per year).
- Florida had 162 Major Disaster Declarations, 206 Emergency Declarations, and 3 Fire Management Assistance Declarations for 18 events between 2013 and 2019.
- Florida registered 43% fewer Heating Degree Days and 30% greater Cooling Degree Days than average in 2019.
- There are 3 Fusion Centers in Florida. The Primary Fusion Center is located in Tallahassee.

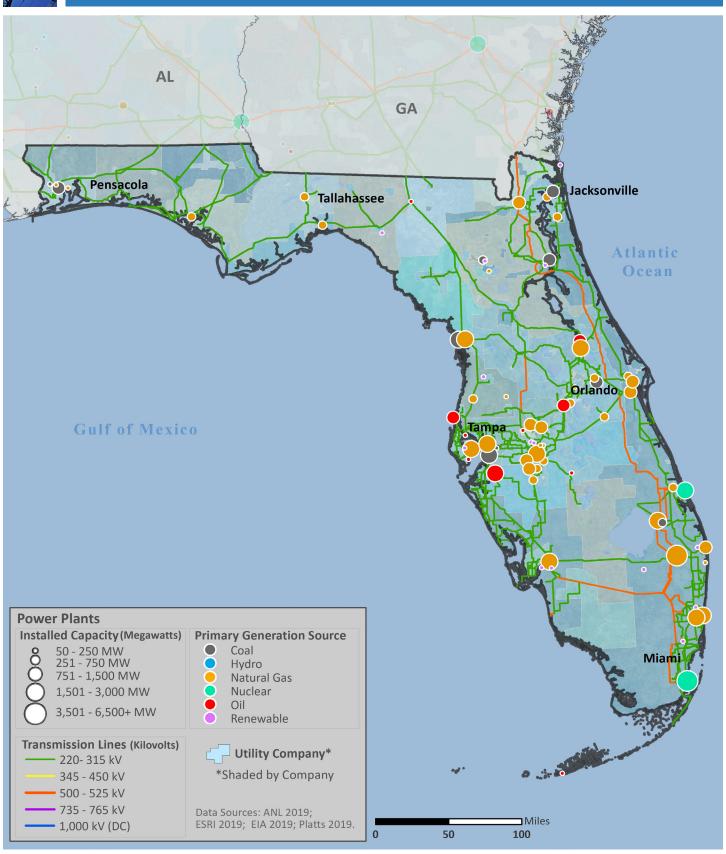
#### **Annualized Frequency of and Property Damage** Due to Natural Hazards, 2009-2019

		HAZARD FREQUENCY – Annualized	PROPERTY DAMAGE – Annualized (\$Million per year)	
Drought ,	*	7	\$0	
Earthquake (≥ 3.5 M)	偝	0	\$0	
Extreme Heat	<b>*</b>	1	\$0	
Flood	<b>#</b>	38	\$230	
Hurricane	<b>%</b>	5	\$873	
Landslide	7.	<1	\$0	
Thunderstorm & Lightning	<u>\$</u>	189	\$6	
Tornado	9	44	\$9	
Wildfire	*	11	\$1	
Winter Storm & Extreme Cold	<b>₽</b> #	5	\$1	

Data Sources: NOAA and USGS



# **ELECTRIC**



#### **Electric Infrastructure**

- Florida has 58 electric utilities:
  - 4 Investor owned
  - 16 Cooperative
  - 33 Municipal
  - 5 Other utilities
- Plant retirements scheduled by 2025: 20 electric generating units totaling 3,066 MW of installed capacity.

## service interruptions that lasted an average of less than 1 hour.

• In 2018, the average Florida electric customer experienced 1.1

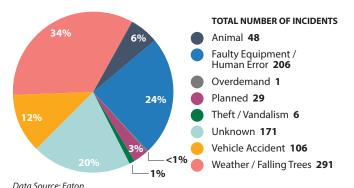
- In Florida, between 2008 and 2017:
  - The greatest number of electric outages occurred in August (3rd for outages nationwide)
  - The leading cause of electric outages was Weather or Falling Trees (leading cause nationwide)
  - Electric outages affected 2,475,162 customers on average

#### Electric Customers and Consumption by Sector, 2018

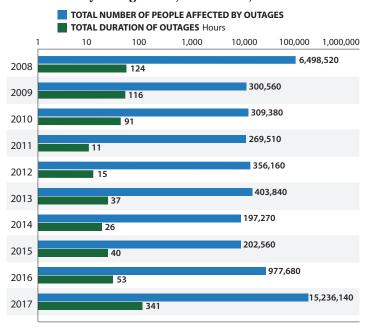
		((C)) CUSTOMERS	CONSUMPTION
Residential	<u> </u>	88%	53%
Commercial		12%	40%
Industrial	<u>-</u>	<1%	7%
Transportation	<b>7</b> Ü	<1%	<1%

Data Source: EIA

#### Electric Utility-Reported Outages by Cause, 2008-2017



#### Electric Utility Outage Data, 2008-2017

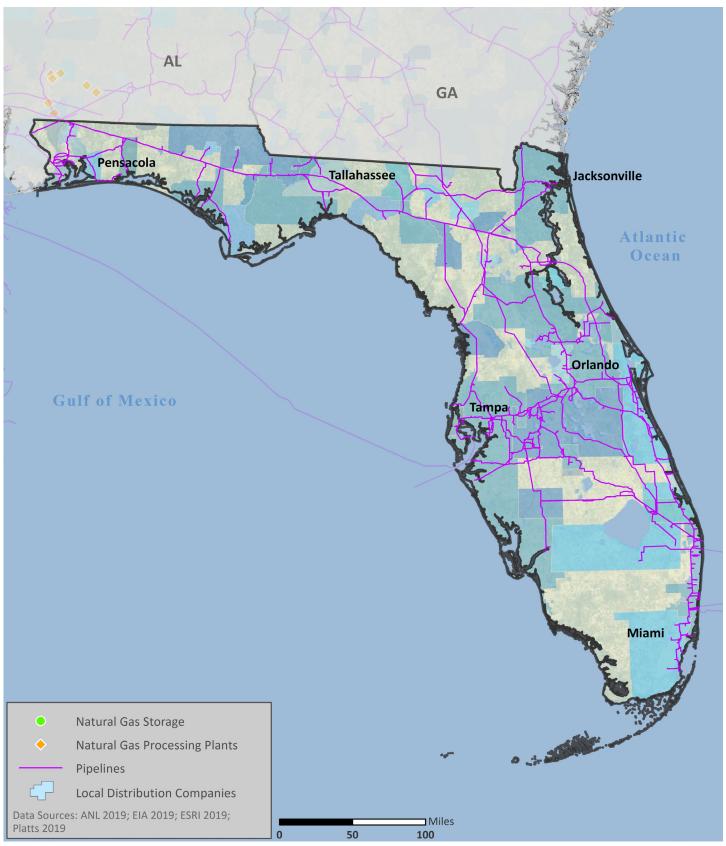


Note: This chart uses a logarithmic scale to display a very wide range of values. Data Source: Eaton



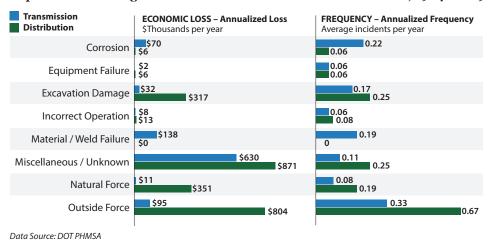


# NATURAL GAS



### **Natural Gas Transport**

Top Events Affecting Natural Gas Transmission and Distribution, 1984-2019



- As of 2018, Florida had:
  - 5,474 miles of natural gas transmission pipelines
  - 29,621 miles of natural gas distribution pipelines
- 39% of Florida's natural gas transmission system and 19% of the distribution system were constructed prior to 1970 or in an unknown year.
- Between 1984 and 2019, Florida's natural gas supply was most impacted by:
  - Miscellaneous or Unknown events when transported by transmission pipelines (5th leading cause nationwide at \$16.77M per year)
  - Miscellaneous or Unknown events when transported by distribution pipelines (2nd leading cause nationwide at \$67.89M per year)

## **Natural Gas Processing and Liquefied Natural Gas**

Natural Gas Customers and Consumption by Sector, 2018

		(( <b>()</b> )) CUSTOMERS	CONSUMPTION
Residential	<b>n</b>	92%	1%
Commercial		8%	4%
Industrial	<b></b>	<1%	7%
Transportation	<b>7</b>	<1%	<1%
Electric Power	Ø	<1%	87%
Other		<1%	<1%

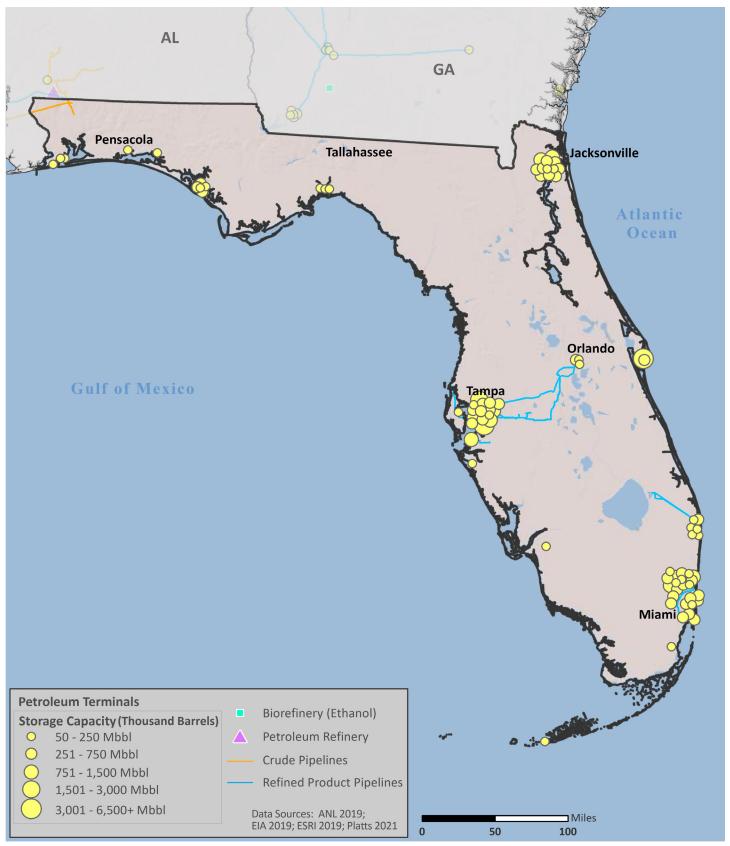
- Florida has o natural gas processing facilities.
- Florida has 3 liquefied natural gas (LNG) facilities with a total storage capacity of 78,239 barrels.

Data Source: EIA



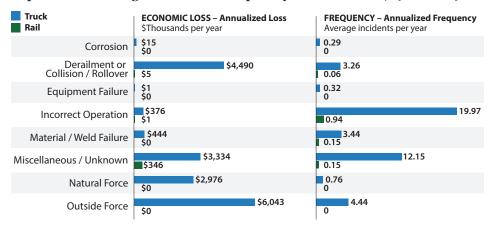


# **PETROLEUM**



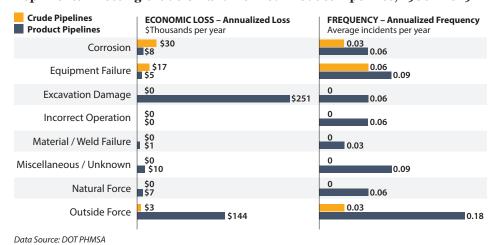
### **Petroleum Transport**

#### Top Events Affecting Petroleum Transport by Truck and Rail, 1986-2019



Data Source: DOT PHMSA

#### Top Events Affecting Crude Oil and Refined Product Pipelines, 1986-2019



- As of 2018, Florida had:
  - 44 miles of crude oil pipelines
  - 318 miles of refined product pipelines
  - o miles of biofuels pipelines
- 11% of Florida's petroleum pipeline systems were constructed prior to 1970 or in an unknown year.
- Between 1986 and 2019, Florida's petroleum supply was most impacted by:
  - Outside Forces when transported by truck (2nd leading cause nationwide at \$60.45M per year)
  - Miscellaneous or Unknown events when transported by rail (3rd leading cause nationwide at \$6.11M per year)
  - Corrosion when transported by crude pipelines (3rd leading cause nationwide at \$14.51M per year)
  - Excavation Damage when transported by product pipelines (5th leading cause nationwide at \$5.74M per year)
- Disruptions in other states may impact supply.

## **Petroleum Refineries**

• There are no operating petroleum refineries in Florida.

